

UNMAS CENTRED. in support of United Nations Interim Security Force for Abyei 2019

Highlights December 2019

189 km of routes assessed and verified as safe from explosive hazards

1,022,834 m² of land assessed by clearance teams as safe from explosive hazards







DECEMBER







men, women, girls and boys in Abyei 650 area received Explosive Ordnance Risk Education (EORE)







Ground Monitoring Missions conducted by **UNMAS Patrol Support** Teams









UNMAS-UNISFA: KEEPING THE MISSION MOVING

At the start of each dry season, UNMAS prioritizes its activities for supporting the UNISFA Dry Season Deployment Plan and ensuring that force mobility is enabled throughout the Abyei area in order for UNISFA to best fulfill its mandate. As part of the deployment plan, new Temporary Operating Bases (TOBs) are earmarked by UNISFA each year, and UNMAS is requested to verify that the locations and adjacent patrol routes are safe from explosive hazards.

"Noong - Alal - Shegei," located in the Abyei area towards the North-West border with Sudan, was one of the routes prioritized due to its geographical importance of linking the outlying villages to the Amiet market, currently the main economic hub of Abyei. Noong is predominantly inhabited by the Ngok-Dinka tribal community while the Alal and Shegei areas are inhabited by Misseriya nomadic cattle herders. A number of explosive ordnances were recovered and destroyed close to the route near Noong in previous demining seasons. With the reported presence of armed groups in the area, the road has thus been designated as a priority for supporting the dry season deployment plan, enabling UNISFA to establish a TOB in Shegei and dominate the Abyei area towards the northwestern border with Sudan. Since the beginning of the rainy season, the road had not been used by UNISFA peaecekeeping troops due to impassible conditions and wet terrain and its assessment was part of the UNMAS due dilligence process to ensure roads remain free from explosive hazards.

Through non-technical surveys, numerous interviews were conducted with cattle herders, fishermen, travelers, traders, community leaders, religious leaders, adults and children. The information gathered by UNMAS teams was carefully analyzed. In total, 89.2 kilometres of route was assessed and released, as the teams concluded that there was no known threat of explosive ordnances presence. As a result, the UNISFA peacekeeping troops could safely deploy along roads previously assessed by UNMAS, instauring confidence in their capacity to implement their operations. The local communities now feel protected by the presence of UNISFA troops and conflict between the two tribal communities is averted.



Liaison Officer conducting interviews with the local population in Shegei area







Community Liaison Officer conducting interviews with the local population in Noong area

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Inter-Mission: 176-3365 or 176-3860 IF YOU SEE AN ITEM OF CONCERN, DO NOT TOUCH IT! **CONTACT UNMAS IMMEDIATELY!** South Sudan: +211 924 268 664



The United Nations Mine Action Service is the United Nations entity on explosive hazards and the coordinator for mine action within the United Nations system. UNMAS provides critical support to the protection of civilians, peacekeeping, humanitarian relief and development, allowing UN personnel to rapidly deploy, and refugees and internally displaces persons to safely return to their homes. UNMAS is hosted by the Department of Peacekeeping Operations. UNMAS supports the UNISFA mandate, ensuring Joint Border Verification and Monitoring Mechanism (JBVMM) freedom of movement as well as the identification and clearance of mines and Explosive Remnants of War (ERW) in the Abyei Area and the Safe Demilitarised Border Zone (SDBZ).